

OREGON RESOURCE GUIDE

TO THE
AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT OF 2009



Prepared by the Office of
U.S. Representative Peter DeFazio

A Message from Congressman DeFazio

Dear Friends,

Oregon faces serious economic challenges. As the state unemployment rate approaches 10%, individuals and families struggle to make ends meet. The 4th Congressional District fares worse with a local unemployment rate ranging from Lane County at 11.9% to Douglas County at a staggering 16.5%. State and local governments face significant budget shortfalls that will impact social services, law enforcement efforts, and education. Many Oregonians are losing jobs, their homes, and their financial security.

With these challenges in mind, I strongly supported the original objective of an economic recovery package which was a timely, targeted, and temporary initiative to put people back to work and to get our economy moving again. Since every penny of the recovery package will be borrowed money, I believe the wisest investments we can make is in our neglected infrastructure, crumbling highways, bridges, schools, and water and sewer systems. These investments would create good paying jobs and provide a long term stimulative effect by improving our economic vitality and making American more competitive.

Regrettably, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act passed by Congress and signed by the President invests less than 10% of the \$787 billion in infrastructure projects. I was even more disappointed the bill included \$325 billion in non-stimulative tax cuts. The final bill cut out \$400 million in education funding for Oregon in order to provide more tax cuts. This shortfall means Oregon schools will have to close early this year, a devastating blow to the education of our children. For these reasons, I voted against the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act.

Despite my objections and attempts to improve the bill, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act is now public law. I assembled the *Oregon Resource Guide* to help my constituents and other Oregonians identify funding opportunities they may be eligible for. As billions of dollars in federal assistance, grants, loans, loan guarantees, and tax benefits are available to the public, it is critical that Oregon families, businesses, non-profits, and city and local governments have the information to access these funds as quickly as possible.

I hope you find this resource helpful. If you have any questions, please call my office in Eugene (541-465-6732/ 1-800-944-9603). I also encourage you to visit <http://www.recovery.gov> for further information on how to access these funds. Furthermore, it is likely most grant, loan and contracting seekers will have to register their organization with the government to apply for funds. I encourage you to visit <http://www.grants.gov> and the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) website at <http://www.ccr.gov> to learn how to register your organization.

Sincerely,



Peter DeFazio
Member of Congress

POTENTIAL FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES

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TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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Highway Improvement Programs

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act total: \$27.5 billion

Oregon will receive \$334 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Department of Transportation
Purpose:	For transportation projects including resurfacing and pavement preservation projects, traffic signal system upgrades, bridge projects
Funding type:	Formula, with a portion of the funds within each State to be sub-allocated by population areas
Website:	http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/
Contracting information:	http://www.odot.state.or.us/ffp/hwy/opd/contracting_odot.html
Phone:	888-275-6368 (ODOT)
Helpful link:	http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/COMM/stimulus_info.shtml

Transit Capital Assistance

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act total: \$6.9 billion

Oregon will receive \$75 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Department of Transportation
Purpose:	For the formula transit capital programs for urban and rural areas which funds vehicle purchases, equipment purchase/upgrades, preventive maintenance, and construction of maintenance and passenger facilities.
Description of fund allocation:	Eighty percent of the formula funds would go to urban areas, 10 percent would go to rural areas, and 10 percent would be split between urban and rural areas under a high growth/high density states formula.
Website:	http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/
Contracting information:	http://www.odot.state.or.us/ffp/hwy/opd/contracting_odot.html
Phone:	888-275-6368 (ODOT)
Helpful link:	http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/COMM/stimulus_info.shtml

Fixed Guideway Modernization

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act total: \$750 million

Administrator:	Federal Transit Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation
Purpose:	\$750 million is provided for the Fixed Guideway Modernization program; TriMet will get about \$1.1 million under this formula program.
Description of fund allocation:	See above
Website:	http://www.fta.dot.gov/funding/grants/grants_financing_3558.html
Contact information:	(202) 366-4020 - (FTA Office of Program Management)
Helpful link:	http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/COMM/stimulus_info.shtml

Capital Investment Grants (New Starts and Small Starts)

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act total: \$750 million

Administrator:	Federal Transit Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation
Funding type:	Grants, agency discretion
Purpose:	Distributed on a discretionary basis for New Starts and Small Starts projects that are already in construction or are nearly ready to begin construction
Website:	www.fta.dot.gov
Contact information:	(202) 366-4020 - (FTA Office of Program Management)
Helpful link:	http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/COMM/stimulus_info.shtml

Discretionary Surface Transportation Grants

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act total: \$1.5 billion

Administrator:	U.S. Department of Transportation
Purpose:	Discretionary grants to be awarded to state and local governments or transit agencies on a competitive basis for projects that will have a significant impact on the nation, a metropolitan area, or a region. Eligible projects include highway and bridge projects, public transportation projects, passenger and freight rail projects, and port infrastructure.
Funding type:	Grants, agency discretion
Website:	www.dot.gov
Contact	(202) 366-4000 (General Information)

information:	
Helpful link:	http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/COMM/stimulus_info.shtml

Transit Capital Assistance-Discretionary Grants

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act total: \$100 million

Administrator:	Federal Transit Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation
Purpose:	Discretionary grants to public transit agencies to improve energy efficiency, and reduce costs and dependence on foreign oil.
Funding type:	Grants, agency discretion
Website:	www.fta.dot.gov
Contact information:	(202) 366-4020 - (FTA Office of Program Management)
Helpful link:	http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/COMM/stimulus_info.shtml

ENVIRONMENTAL INFRASTRUCTURE

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Clean Water State Revolving Fund

\$4 billion included for the Clean Water State Revolving Fund.

Oregon will receive \$65.6 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Department of Environmental Quality
Provisions:	Waives mandatory 20 % matching requirements for revolving funds
	Directs the Administrator to reallocate Revolving Fund monies where projects are not under contract or construction within 12 months of the date of enactment
	Directs priority funding to projects on State priority lists that are ready to proceed to construction within 12 months of enactment
	Requires at least 50% of the capitalization grants each State receives be used to provide assistance for additional subsidization (forgiveness of principal, negative interest loans, or grants, or any combination of these).
	Requires at least 20% of each Revolving Fund be available for projects for green infrastructure, water and/or energy efficiency, innovative water quality improvements, decentralized wastewater treatment, storm water runoff mitigation and water conservation, unless states lack applicants with these types of projects
Purpose:	To provide relief to communities by requiring a greater Federal share for local clean and drinking water projects and greater flexibility for States to reach communities that would otherwise not have the resources to repay a loan with interest.
Description:	Funding provided to states is used to makes loans to communities, individuals, and others for high-priority water-quality activities
Activities:	Loans are used to build or improve wastewater treatment plants; agricultural, rural, and urban runoff control; estuary improvement projects; wet weather flow control, including storm water and sewer overflows; alternative treatment technologies; and water reuse and conservation projects.
Website:	http://www.epa.gov/owm/cwfinance/cwsrf/ http://www.oregon.gov/DEQ/
Phone:	(202) 260-7359 (EPA Clean Water State Revolving Fund Branch)

Drinking Water State Revolving Fund

\$2 billion included for the Clean Water State Revolving Fund

Oregon will receive \$44.1 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Department of Human Services
Provisions:	<p>The mandatory 20 % matching requirements for revolving funds is waived</p> <p>Directs the Administrator to reallocate Revolving Fund monies where projects are not under contract or construction within 12 months of the date of enactment</p> <p>Directs priority funding to projects on State priority lists that are ready to proceed to construction within 12 months of enactment</p> <p>Requires at least 50% of the capitalization grants each State receives be used to provide assistance for additional subsidization (forgiveness of principal, negative interest loans, or grants, or any combination of these).</p> <p>Requires at least 20% of each Revolving Fund be available for projects for green infrastructure, water and/or energy efficiency, innovative water quality improvements, decentralized wastewater treatment, storm water runoff mitigation and water conservation, unless states lack applicants with these types of projects</p>
Purpose:	To provide relief to communities by requiring a greater Federal share for local clean and drinking water projects and greater flexibility for States to reach communities that would otherwise not have the resources to repay a loan with interest.
Description:	Funding provided to states is used to makes loans to communities, individuals, and others for high-priority water-quality activities
Activities:	Loans can be used for the installation and replacement of failing treatment facilities, eligible storage facilities and transmission and distribution systems
Website:	http://www.epa.gov/owm/cwfinance/cwsrf/ (EPA) http://www.oregon.gov/DHS/ph/dwp/srlf.shtml (Oregon DHS)
Phone:	(202) 564-3750 (EPA Office of Ground Water and Drinking Water)

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Construction

\$2 billion was included for construction activities and operation/maintenance activities

Agency:	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Portland District
Description:	Provides public engineering and construction services for navigation, flood and storm protection, ecosystem restoration, environmental protection, and an array of other purposes. Funding included for ongoing projects, not to initiate new projects.
Website:	https://www.nwp.usace.army.mil/home.asp (Portland District)
Phone:	503-808-4510 (Portland District)

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Maintenance

\$2 billion was included United States Army Corps of Engineers for operation and maintenance activities.

Agency:	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Portland District
Description:	Provides funding for the operation and maintenance of facilities constructed by the Corps. Work to be accomplished consists of dredging, repair, and operation of structures and other facilities.
Website:	https://www.nwp.usace.army.mil/home.asp (Portland District)
Phone:	503-808-4510 (Portland District)

U.S. Forest Service

\$650 million was included in the ARRA for the Forest Service

Agency:	U.S. Forest Service, Region 6
Funding Type:	Agency Discretion
Description:	Funding will be used for infrastructure projects on federal lands including improvements to visitor facilities, road and trail restoration, preservation of buildings of cultural and historic importance, rehabilitation of abandoned mines and oil fields, and environmental cleanup projects.
Website:	http://www.fs.fed.us/ http://www.fs.fed.us/r6/ (Region 6) https://www.fbo.gov/index?cck=1&au=&ck= (FedBizOpps)
Phone:	503-808-2468 (Region 6 Office)

U.S. Bureau of Land Management

\$320 was included in the ARRA for the BLM

Agency:	Bureau of Land Management, Oregon/Washington Office
Funding Type:	Agency Discretion
Description:	Funding will be used for infrastructure projects on federal lands including improvements to visitor facilities, road and trail restoration, preservation of buildings of cultural and historic importance, rehabilitation of abandoned mines and oil fields, and environmental cleanup projects.
Website:	http://www.blm.gov/wo/st/en.html http://www.blm.gov/or/index.php (Oregon/Washington)
Phone:	503-808-6002 (Oregon State Office)

U.S. National Park Service

\$750 million was included for NPS

Agency:	U.S. National Park Service, Pacific West Region
Funding Type:	Agency Discretion
Purpose:	Funding will be used for infrastructure projects on federal lands including improvements to visitor facilities, road and trail restoration, preservation of buildings of cultural and historic importance, rehabilitation of abandoned mines and oil fields, and environmental cleanup projects.
Website:	http://www.nps.gov/ http://www.nps.gov/state/or/ (Oregon website) https://www.fbo.gov/index?cck=1&au=&ck= (FedBizOpps)
Phone:	(510) 817-1304 (Pacific West Region)

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Services

\$280 million was included for National Wildlife Refuges and National Fish Hatcheries

Agency:	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Services, Region 1 (Pacific)
Funding Type:	Agency Discretion
Purpose:	Funding will be used for infrastructure projects on federal lands including improvements to visitor facilities, road and trail restoration, preservation of buildings of cultural and historic importance, rehabilitation of abandoned mines and oil fields, and environmental cleanup projects.
Website:	http://www.fws.gov/ http://www.fws.gov/pacific/ (Region 1) https://www.fbo.gov/index?cck=1&au=&ck= (FedBizOpps)
Phone:	503-231-6120 (Portland Office)

National Resource Conservation Service

\$290 million for NRCS

Agency:	U.S. Department of Agriculture, NRCS
Funding Type:	Agency Discretion
Purpose:	USDA's Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) provides leadership to help America's private landowners and managers conserve their soil, water, and other natural resources. NRCS only plans to devote stimulus funds to NRCS-approved projects that can begin immediately. Guidelines for NRCS approval can be obtained through local USDA County offices.
Website:	http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/ http://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?service=page/CountyMap&state=OR&stateName=Oregon&stateCode=41 (Oregon County Contact page)
Phone:	See above

Coastal and Marine Habitat Restoration

\$170 million for habitat restoration in coastal areas

Agency:	Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)
Description:	NOAA delivers funding and technical expertise to restore coastal and marine habitats. These habitats support valuable fisheries and protected resources, improve the quality of our water, provide recreational opportunities for the public's use and enjoyment and buffer our coastal communities from the impacts of storms and sea level rise. Projects funded through NOAA have strong on-the-ground habitat restoration components that provide social and economic benefits for people and their communities in addition to long-term ecological habitat improvements.
Funding type:	Competitive Grants
To apply:	http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/habitat/recovery/
Contact:	Jennifer Steger, Northwest Office, Jennifer.Steger@noaa.gov

ENERGY

*** Energy Efficiency * Renewable Energy *Energy Consumption *Research & Development**

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State Energy Program

\$3.1 billion was included for the State Energy Program.

Oregon will receive \$41.9 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Office of the Governor, Oregon Department of Energy
Description:	States use grants to address energy priorities and program funding to adopt emerging renewable energy and energy efficiency technologies
Website:	http://www.oregon.gov/ENERGY/Stimulus2009.shtml (Oregon Department of Energy)
Phone:	503-378-4040 (Oregon Department of Energy)
Helpful link:	http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/state_energy_program/grants_by_state.cfm/year=2006/state=OR

Weatherization Assistance Program

\$5 billion was included for the Weatherization Assistance Program. Provisions also expand the eligibility of low income households for the Weatherization Assistance Program and increasing the funding assistance level per dwelling (from \$2,500 per dwelling to \$6,500)

Oregon will receive \$62.4 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Department of Housing and Community Services (HCS)
Description:	Provides energy efficiency measures in the homes of qualifying homeowners free of charge
Purpose:	To assist low-income families reduce their energy bills by making their homes more energy efficient
Website:	http://www.waptac.com/ http://www.ohcs.oregon.gov/OHCS/SOS_Low_Income_Weatherization_Assistance_Oregon.shtml
Phone:	503-986-2000 (Oregon Housing and Community Services)

Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant

\$3.2 billion was included for EECBG

Office:	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy
Agency:	U.S. Department of Energy
Purpose:	To reduce fossil fuel emissions, decrease overall energy consumption, improve energy efficiency in the transportation, building, and other energy consuming sectors of the economies of eligible entities
Description:	Assists states and local governments in implementing strategies to reduce fossil fuel emissions created as a result of activities within the jurisdictions of the eligible entities and reduce the total energy use. Activities eligible to receive funding include conducting residential and commercial building energy audits; establishing financial incentives programs for energy efficiency improvements; grants to non-profits organizations to perform energy efficiency retrofits; developing/implementing programs to conserve energy used in transportation; developing and implementing building codes and inspections services to promote building energy efficiency; installing light emitting diodes (LEDs); and developing, implementing, and installing on or in any government building onsite renewable energy technology that generates electricity from renewable sources.
Website:	http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/wip/block_grants.cfm
Email:	eeric@ee.doe.gov
Phone:	1-877-EERE-INFO (1-877-337-3463)

Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE)

\$16 billion was included for EERE

Agency;	U.S. Department of Energy
Programs:	Ten energy programs including the Biomass Program; Building Technologies Program; Federal Energy Management Program; Geothermal Technologies Program; Hydrogen, Fuel Cells & Infrastructure Program; Industrial Technologies Program; Solar Energy Technologies Program; Vehicle Technologies; Wind & Hydropower Technologies Program; and Weatherization & Intergovernmental Program
Activities:	EERE's programs conduct activities in partnership with the private sector, state and local government, DOE national laboratories, and universities
Oregon Profile:	http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/states/state_specific_information.cfm/state=OR
Website:	www.eere.energy.gov/
Webform:	Submit questions online: http://www1.eere.energy.gov/informationcenter/
Phone:	877-337-3463 (Energy Information Center)

Biomass Program

\$800 million to be dedicated to projects related to biomass

Office:	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy
Agency:	U.S. Department of Energy
Activities:	For research, development and demonstration for converting biomass resources to biofuels
Website:	www.eere.energy.gov/biomass
Email:	Eere_biomass@ee.doe.gov
Phone:	877-337-3463 (EERE Information Center)
Helpful link:	http://www1.eere.energy.gov/biomass/financial_opportunities.html

Geothermal Technologies Program

\$400 million to be dedicated for geothermal activities and projects

Office:	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy
Agency:	U.S. Department of Energy
Activities:	For research, development and demonstration efforts that emphasize the advancement of enhanced geothermal systems
Website:	www.eere.energy.gov/geothermal
Phone:	877-337-3463 (EERE Information Center)
Helpful link:	http://www1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/financial.html

Advanced Battery Manufacturing

\$2 billion was included for Advanced Battery Manufacturing grants to support the manufacturing of advanced vehicle batteries and components

Office:	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE)
Agency:	U.S. Department of Energy
Activities:	For the manufacturing of advanced batteries and components; and to provide facility funding to manufacturers of advanced battery systems and vehicle batteries that are produced in the United States, including advanced lithium ion batteries, hybrid electrical systems, component manufacturers, and software designers
Funding type:	Competitive Grants
Website:	www.eere.energy.gov/

Phone:	877-337-3463 (EERE Information Center)
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Alternative Fueled Vehicle Pilot Grant Program

\$300 million was included for the Alternative Fueled Vehicles Pilot Grant Program

Office:	Clean Cities Program, Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE)
Agency:	U.S. Department of Energy
Purposes:	To establish a grant program through the DOE Clean Cities Program to encourage the use of plug-in electric drive vehicles or other emerging electric vehicle technologies.
Recipients:	State governments, local governments, metropolitan transportation authorities, air pollution control districts, and private or nonprofit entities.
Activities:	May be used for the acquisition of alternative fueled vehicles, fuel cell vehicles or hybrid vehicles, including buses for public transportation and ground support vehicles at public airports. The installation or acquisition of infrastructure necessary to directly support an alternative fueled vehicle, fuel cell vehicle, or hybrid vehicle project funded by the grant is also eligible.
Funding type:	Competitive Grant
Oregon profile:	http://www.afdc.energy.gov/cleancities/progs/coordinators.php#OR
Website:	www.eere.energy.gov/cleancities
Phone:	877-337-3463 (EERE Information Center)

Transportation Electrification

\$400 million for Transportation Electrification grant projects.

Office:	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy
Agency:	U.S. Department of Energy
Purpose:	To implement a grant program for qualified electric transportation projects that reduce emissions, including shipside electrification of vehicles, truck stop electrification, airport ground support equipment and cargo handling equipment
Recipients:	States, local governments, and metropolitan transportation authorities
Funding type:	Competitive Grant
Website:	www.eere.energy.gov/
Phone:	877-337-3463 (EERE Information Center)

Energy Efficient Appliance Rebate Program and Energy Star Program

\$300 million was included for the Energy Efficient Appliance Rebate program and the Energy Star Program

Office:	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy
Agency:	U.S. Department of Energy
Description:	Approximately 15 states have appliance rebate programs currently operating to incentivize the purchase of energy efficient appliances. This program would add federal funds to increase the effectiveness of these programs and to encourage the remaining states to adopt similar programs. This will speed the rollout of appliances that will be able to take advantage of smart meters and spur consumer purchases of smart and energy-efficient appliances.
Administrator:	Oregon
Website:	http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/states/alternatives/rebates.cfm www.energystar.gov/
Phone:	877-337-3463 (EERE Information Center) 888-782-7937 (ENERGY STAR hotline) (State Energy Office)

Smart Grid Investment Program

\$4.5 billion was included for the Smart Grid Investment Program

Office:	Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability
Agency:	U.S. Department of Energy
Purpose:	To modernize the electric grid, enhance security and reliability of the energy infrastructure, energy storage research, development, demonstration and deployment, and facilitate recovery from disruptions to the energy supply, and authorized purposes.
Activities:	For research and development, pilot projects, and federal matching funds for the Smart Grid Investment Program to meet the goal of a modern electric grid, enhance security and reliability of energy infrastructure, and facilitate recovery from disruptions to the energy supply. The Office of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability projects are planned and implemented in concert with partners from other Federal programs; electric utilities; equipment manufacturers; regional, state, and local agencies; national laboratories; and universities.
Website:	www.oe.energy.gov www.oe.energy.gov/smartgrid.htm
Phone:	(202) 586-1411 (Office of Electricity, Delivery and Energy Reliability)

Fossil Energy Research and Development Program

\$3.4 billion was included for Fossil Energy Research and Development Program

Office:	Office of Fossil Energy
Agency:	U.S. Department of Energy
Description:	Research and Development programs include pollution control innovations for traditional power plants, including mercury reduction; improved gasification technologies; advanced combustion systems; development of stationary power fuel cells; improved turbines for future coal-based combined cycle plants; and creation of a portfolio of technologies that can capture and permanently store greenhouse gases.
Activities:	Research and development (R&D) partnerships, cooperative R&D agreements, financial assistance, and contractual arrangements with universities and the private sector.
Oregon profile:	http://fossil.energy.gov/programs/projectdatabase/stateprofiles/2004/Oregon.html
Website:	www.fossil.energy.gov
Phone:	202-586-6660 (Office of Fossil Energy)

Science Program

\$1.6 billion was included for the Science Program

Office:	Office of Science
Agency:	U.S. Department of Energy
Description:	The Office of Science manages fundamental research programs in basic energy sciences, biological and environmental sciences, and computational science.
Oregon profile:	http://www.sc.doe.gov/SC_Funding/or/or.htm
Website:	www.science.doe.gov www.science.doe.gov/Contact/index.htm
Phone:	202-586-5430 (Office of Science)

Advanced Research Projects Agency (ARPA-E)

\$400 million included for the Advanced Research Projects Agency

Agency:	U.S. Department of Energy
Purposes:	To support high-risk, high-payoff research to accelerate the innovation cycle for both traditional and alternative energy sources and energy
Background:	In 2007, Congress approved (PL 110-69) the creation of the Advanced Research Projects Agency-Energy (ARPA-E). Modeled after the Defense Research Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA), ARPA-E will

	develop and deploy advanced energy technologies by identifying and promoting revolutionary advances in fundamental sciences, translating those discoveries into technological innovations, and accelerating transformational technological advances in areas that industry by itself is not likely to undertake.
Eligibility as Authorized:	Awards to institutions of higher education, companies, research foundations, trade and industry research collaborations, or consortia of such entities, which may include federally-funded research and development centers.
Website:	www.energy.gov
Phone:	1-800-342-5363

ECONOMIC AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT

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Community Facilities Program

\$130 million for the Community Facilities Program

Agency:	U.S. Department of Agriculture, Rural Development
Funding type:	Grants, agency discretion
Description:	USDA's Rural Development administers the Community Facilities Program to develop essential community facilities for public use in rural areas. Community facilities include schools, libraries, childcare, hospitals, medical clinics, assisted living facilities, fire and rescue stations, police stations, community centers, public buildings and transportation.
Purpose:	Community Programs uses three flexible financial tools to achieve this goal: the Community Facilities Guaranteed Loan Program, the Community Facilities Direct Loan Program, and the Community Facilities Grant Program. Maximum Grant can be up to 75% of total project cost. Rural area is defined as areas with populations of 20,000 or less. Public bodies and nonprofit organizations can apply.
Phone:	503-414-3300 (Regional Office)
Website:	http://www.rurdev.usda.gov/

Broadband

\$2.5 billion to create and modernize rural telecommunications

Agency:	U.S. Department of Agriculture, Rural Utilities Service
Funding type:	Loans, loan guarantees, grants
Description:	USDA's Rural Development, Rural Utilities Service aims to create and modernize rural telecommunications services across the United States. The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act provides \$2.5 billion for Broadband loans, loan guarantees, and grants. At least 75% of the area that will be served by a project receiving these funds must be in a rural area previously lacking sufficient access to high-speed broadband services. Priority will be given to projects that can commence promptly.
Phone:	503-414-3300 (Regional Office)
Website:	www.usda.gov

	www.recovery.gov http://www.usda.gov/rus/
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Economic Development Administration

\$150 million for EDA

Agency:	U.S. Department of Commerce, Economic Development Administration
Funding type:	Loans, loan guarantees, grants
Description:	In fulfilling its mission, EDA is guided by the basic principle that distressed communities must be empowered to develop and implement their own economic development and revitalization strategies. Based on these locally- and regionally-developed priorities, EDA works in partnership with state and local governments, regional economic development districts, public and private nonprofit organizations, and Indian tribes.
Available programs:	http://www.eda.gov/AboutEDA/Programs.xml
Phone:	206-220-7660 (EDA Regional Office, Seattle)
Website:	http://www.eda.gov/
Email:	lsmith7@eda.doc.gov (A. Leonard Smith, Regional Director)

Brownfields Program

\$100 million for the Brownfields Program

Agency:	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Funding type:	Grants, training, technical assistance
Description:	Brownfields are real property, the expansion, redevelopment, or reuse of which may be complicated by the presence or potential presence of a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Brownfields Program provides direct funding for Brownfields assessment, cleanup, revolving loans, and environmental job training. EPA's Regional Office Administers this grant program. Brownfields Grants are divided into Assessment Grants, Revolving Loan Fund Grants, Cleanup Grants, Job Training Grants and Training, Research, and Technical Assistance Grants.
Phone:	206-553-7299 (Susan Morales, Regional Brownfields Coordinator)
Website:	http://www.epa.gov/r10earth/ (Region 10) http://yosemite.epa.gov/R10/CLEANUP.NSF/sites/bf

HOUSING

The following information about funding included in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 was compiled by the Office of U.S. Representative Peter DeFazio. This document is intended to provide the public with basic information of potential federal assistance and funding opportunities. Those interested in these or similar programs should contact the appropriate federal and state agencies for detailed information. Please note: Not all applicable programs are included below; the following information is subject to change; and additional requirements, restrictions and guidance may apply.

Public Housing Capital Fund

\$4 billion to be distributed to public housing agencies for capital repairs and improvements to federally-subsidized public housing. \$1 billion was also included for competitive grants for priority investments, including that leverage private-sector financing for renovations and energy conservation retrofits.

Oregon will receive \$14.4 million in formula funding

Office:	Office of Public and Indian Housing- Office of Capital Improvements
Agency:	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Description:	Provides funding to local housing agencies to repair and replace aging housing
Purpose:	To make capital repairs and improvements to public housing, including energy conservation measures
Oregon Profile:	http://www.hud.gov/local/index.cfm?state=or
Website:	http://www.hud.gov/offices/pih/programs/ph/capfund/index.cfm
Phone:	(971) 222-2600 (Portland Field Office)

Homeless Prevention Fund

\$1.5 billion was included in funding distributed through the Emergency Shelter Grants program to prevent and combat homelessness during the economic crisis.

Oregon will receive \$14.9 million in formula funding

Agency:	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Purpose:	Funding to provide assistance to individuals and families to avoid or escape homelessness
Description:	Formula funding provided to the State of Oregon to be used for short- or medium-term rental assistance; housing relocation and stabilization services such as housing search and security or utility deposits; and other homelessness prevention and rapid rehousing activities.
Website:	http://www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/homeless/programs/esg/
Phone:	(971) 222-2600 (Portland Field Office)

Community Development Block Grants

\$1 billion was included in formula funds to be distributed to local communities and states for community development and affordable housing activities.

Oregon will receive \$9.8 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Housing and Community Services
Description:	Provides flexible funding to States and larger communities for a variety of community development, economic development, and affordable housing purposes.
Purpose:	To develop viable communities by providing decent housing and a suitable living environment and by expanding economic opportunities, principally for persons of low- and moderate-income. Grantees must ensure that at least 70 percent of its Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) grant funds are used for activities that benefit low- and moderate-income persons.
Oregon Profile:	http://www.oregon.gov/OHCS/SFF_CDBG_Program.shtml
Helpful links:	http://www.hud.gov/local/ct/community/cdbg/index.cfm http://www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/communitydevelopment/programs/
Phone:	503-986-2000 (Oregon Housing and Community Services)

Neighborhood Stabilization Program

\$2 billion was included in competitive grants to States, local governments, and non-profit entities or consortia of nonprofit entities in areas with the greatest number of foreclosed homes to provide emergency assistance for the redevelopment of abandoned and foreclosed homes.

Oregon will receive \$19.6 million in grant funding

Office:	Office of Community Planning and Development
Agency:	U.S. Department of Housing and urban Development
Funding type:	Competitive Grants
Purpose:	To assist states, local governments, and nonprofit organizations in the purchase and rehabilitation of foreclosed properties in order to create affordable housing and to reduce neighborhood blight
Description:	Funds can be used by grantees to purchase and redevelop foreclosed homes, purchase and rehabilitate abandoned or foreclosed-upon homes, establish land banks, demolish blighted structures, and redevelop demolished or vacant properties as housing.
Website:	http://www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/communitydevelopment/programs/neighborhoodspg/
Phone:	(971) 222-2600 (Portland Field Office)

Project Based Rental Assistance

\$2 billion was included in the ARRA

Oregon will receive \$11.5 million in grant funding

Agency:	U.S. Department of Housing and urban Development
Description:	The Section 8 Program was authorized by Congress in 1974 and developed by HUD to provide rental subsidies for eligible tenant families (including single persons) residing in newly constructed, rehabilitated and existing rental and cooperative apartment projects. HUD will use the \$2.0 billion provided in the legislation to fund contract renewals under the Section 8 program.
Eligibility:	Eighty nine existing contracts will be funded in Oregon
Website:	http://www.hud.gov/recovery/pbrassistance.cfm
Phone:	(971) 222-2600 (Portland Field Office)

Native American Block Fund

\$255 million was included in the ARRA

Oregon will receive \$4.8 million in formula funding

Agency:	U.S. Department of Housing and urban Development
Description:	The Native American Housing Block Grant program funds new construction, acquisition, rehabilitation, including energy efficiency and conservation, and infrastructure development activities. Funds can also be used to leverage private sector financing for new construction, renovation and energy retrofit investments. In selecting projects to be funded with Recovery Act funds, recipients shall give priority to projects for which contracts can be awarded within 180 days from the date that such funds are available to the recipient.
Eligibility:	Eligible applicants include Indian tribes or tribally designated housing entities (TDHEs) eligible to receive funding under NAHASDA (25 U.S.C. 4101 et seq.)
Website:	http://www.hud.gov/recovery/native-american-formula.cfm
Phone:	(971) 222-2600 (Portland Field Office)

HEALTH

The following information about funding included in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 was compiled by the Office of U.S. Representative Peter DeFazio. This document is intended to provide the public with basic information of potential federal assistance and funding opportunities. Those interested in these or similar programs should contact the appropriate federal and state agencies for detailed information. Please note: Not all applicable programs are included below; the following information is subject to change; and additional requirements, restrictions and guidance may apply.

Medicaid Federal Matching Assistance Percentage (FMAP) Increase

\$86.6 billion was included for the Medicaid program. States will be required to maintain at least current eligibility for the Medicaid program in order to receive this funding.

Oregon will receive \$802 million in federal matching funding

Administrator:	Oregon Department of Human Services, Division of Medical Assistance Programs
Purpose:	To prevent reductions in Medicaid funded health care to low-income children and families.
Description:	Provides each state with an increase in federal matching funds for state Medicaid expenditures in order to assist states with budget shortfalls avoid cutting back Medicaid assistance.
Website:	http://www.oregon.gov/DHS/aboutdhs/structure/dmap.shtml
Phone:	503-945-5944 (Oregon DHS)

Community Health Center Infrastructure Grants

\$1.5 billion was included for Community Health Centers

Office:	Bureau of Primary Health Care
Agency:	Health Resources and Services Administration
Funding type:	Competitive Grants
Purpose:	To renovate clinics and make health information technology improvements.
Description:	These funds are to be used for construction, renovation, and equipment, and for the acquisition of health information technology systems for community health centers, including health center controlled networks receiving operating grants under section 330 of the Public Health Service Act.
Website:	http://bphc.hrsa.gov/about/apply.htm http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/default.htm http://www.hhs.gov/recovery/hrsa/healthcentergrants.html
Email:	callcenter@hrsa.gov
Phone:	1-877-464-4772 (HRSA Call Center)

Community Health Center Services Grants

\$500 million was included for Community Health Centers

Office:	Bureau of Primary Health Care
Agency:	Health Resources and Services Administration
Funding type:	Competitive Grants
Purpose:	To increase the number of uninsured Americans who receive quality healthcare.
Description:	These funds are to be used to support new sites and service areas, to increase services at existing sites, and to provide supplemental payments for spikes in uninsured populations.
Website:	http://bphc.hrsa.gov/about/apply.htm http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/default.htm http://www.hhs.gov/recovery/hrsa/healthcentergrants.html
Email:	callcenter@hrsa.gov
Phone:	1-877-464-4772 (HRSA Call Center)

National Health Service Corps

\$300 million was included for National Health Service Corps

Office:	National Health Service Corps
Agency:	Health Resources and Services Administration
Funding type:	Competitive Grants, Scholarships, and Loan Repayments
Purpose:	To address shortages of primary healthcare providers in specific health professional shortage areas.
Description:	Funds will be used for training primary healthcare providers including doctors, dentists, and nurses as well as helping pay medical school expenses for students who agree to practice in underserved communities through the National Health Service Corps
Website:	http://nhsc.hrsa.gov/applications/
Email:	callcenter@hrsa.gov
Phone:	1-877-464-4772 (HRSA Call Center)

Health Care Workforce

\$200 million was included for programs under Title VII and Title VIII of the Public Health Service Act

Office:	Bureau of Health Professions
Agency:	Health Resources and Services Administration

Funding type:	Competitive Grants, Scholarships, and Loan Repayments
Purpose:	To provide for training of health professions
Description:	These funds are to be used for all the disciplines trained through the primary care medicine and dentistry program, the public health and preventive medicine program, and the scholarship and loan repayment programs for nurses and health professions.
Website:	http://www.hrsa.gov/help/healthprofessions.htm http://www.hrsa.gov/grants/default.htm
Email:	callcenter@hrsa.gov
Phone:	1-877-464-4772 (HRSA Call Center)

Biomedical Research

\$8.7 billion was included for expanding biomedical research funded by the National Institute of Health

Office:	Office of the Director
Agency:	National Institutes of Health
Funding type:	Competitive Grants
Purpose:	To expand jobs in biomedical research to study diseases
Description:	\$7.4 million will be distributed to specific Institutes and Centers and to the Common Fund for biomedical research grants. \$800 million will be used by the Office of the Director for purposes that can be completed within two years, including short-term grants focused on specific scientific challenges, new research that expands the scope of ongoing projects, research on public and international health priorities, and to enhance central research support activities, centralized information support systems.
Website:	www.nih.gov/ http://www.nih.gov/about/director/02252009statement_arra.htm
Webform:	grantsinfo@od.nih.gov
Phone:	301-435-0714 (General Grant Information)

University Research Facilities

\$1.3 billion was included for the national Institute of Health to renovate and equip university research facilities

Office:	National Center for Research Resources
Agency:	National Institutes of Health
Funding type:	Competitive Grants
Purpose:	To renovate and equip university research facilities.
Description:	Funding will be used for the construction and renovation of extramural research facilities and for the acquisition of shared instrumentation and

	other capital research equipment.
Website:	www.ncrr.nih.gov
Phone:	301-435-0888 (National Center for Research Resources)

Prevention and Wellness Program

\$950 million was included for the Center for Disease Control for evidence based clinical and community prevention and wellness program

Agency:	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Funding type:	Competitive Grants
Purpose:	To support state and local efforts to fight preventable chronic diseases and infectious diseases.
Description:	Funds will be used to carry out evidenced based clinical and community-based prevention and wellness strategies and public health workforce development activities, including immunization programs and state efforts to reduce healthcare-related infections. The Department has not decided which agencies will take the lead but the CDC is likely to be central to these efforts.
Website:	www.cdc.gov/ www.hhs.gov/

Comparative Effectiveness Health Research

\$1.1 billion was included for HHS, the Agency on Healthcare Research and Quality, and NIH

Office:	Agency on Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) and National Institutes of Health (NIH)
Funding type:	Competitive Grants
Purpose:	To compare the effectiveness of different medical treatments
Description:	This funding will be used to conduct or support research to evaluate and compare clinical outcomes, effectiveness, risk, and benefits of two or more medical treatments and services that address a particular medical condition. This research will not be used to mandate coverage decisions or impose "one-size-fits-all" medicine on patients. It will be designed to enable medical professionals and patients improve treatment. \$300 million will be administered by AHRQ, \$400 million will be transferred to NIH, and \$400 million will be allocated at the discretion of the Secretary of HHS.
Website:	www.ahrq.gov/ www.nih.gov/

Health Information Technology Grants

\$2 billion was included for discretionary grants to promote the adoption and use of interoperable health information technology (HIT).

Office:	Office of the National Coordinator of Health Information Technology, Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, CDC, and Indian Health Service/States or State-Designated Entities
Agency:	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services/Office of Governor
Funding type:	Competitive Grants
Purpose:	To promote the use and exchange of electronic health information in a manner consistent with the Office of the National Coordinator of Health Information Technology's strategic plan. To award planning and implementation grants to states or qualified state-designated entities to facilitate and expand electronic health information exchange. To award grants to states or Indian tribes to establish loan programs for health care providers to purchase certified electronic health record technology, train personnel in the use of such technology, and improve the secure electronic exchange of health information. To provide financial assistance to universities to establish or expand medical informatics programs.
Description:	To authorize the Office of the National Coordinator of Health Information Technology in order to promote the use and exchange of electronic health information.
Website:	http://www.hhs.gov/healthit/ http://www.hhs.gov/recovery/
Phone:	877-696-6775 (HHS)

Health Information Technology Improvements

\$17 billion was included to improve investments and incentives through Medicare and Medicaid to ensure widespread adoption and use of interoperable health information technology (HIT)

Administrator:	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)
Agency:	Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)
Description:	Provides incentives for the early adoption and use of interoperable HIT to Medicare and Medicaid providers and penalties in future years for providers not demonstrating meaningful use of Electronic Health Records.
Purpose:	Provides eligible professionals who show meaningful use of an Electronic Health Record (EHR) in 2011 or 2012 with incentive payments of \$18,000 in the first year. Payment adjustments for eligible professionals not demonstrating meaningful use of an EHR would begin in 2015. Provides eligible hospitals (including Critical Access Hospitals) with incentive payments starting in Fiscal Year 2011 and payments adjustments for hospitals not demonstrating meaningful use of an EHR in Fiscal Year 2015.
Website:	www.cms.hhs.gov http://www.cms.hhs.gov/RegionalOffices/Downloads/Seattle%20Regional%20Office.pdf
Phone:	1-800-MEDICARE 206-615-2306 (Regional CMS Office for Oregon- Region 10)

COBRA Continuation Coverage

\$24.7 billion was included for COBRA Continuation Coverage

Office:	Group Health Plan
Agency:	Department of Labor (Regulatory)
Funding type:	Mandatory Spending
Purpose:	To provide individuals and their families with a premium subsidy of 65 percent of the COBRA continuation premiums for a maximum of 9 months of coverage only with respect to involuntary terminations that occurs on or after September 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2010. The 65 percent they do not pay will not count as income for tax purposes. The full premium subsidy is limited by a taxpayer's adjusted gross income (AGI), \$125,000 for individuals and \$250,000 for joint filers and is phased out for individuals with an AGI between \$125,000 and \$145,000 and families with an AGI between \$250,000 and \$290,000. It provides a special 60-day election period for a qualified beneficiary who is eligible for a subsidized premium and who has not elected COBRA continuation coverage as of the date of enactment or who is no longer enrolled on the date of enactment, for example, because the beneficiary was unable to continue paying the premium. Employers will treat the 35% COBRA payment from eligible former employees as full payment. The employer can then claim the 65% subsidy as a credit against employment taxes. This is done on line 12 of form 941, the employer's quarterly federal tax return.
Description:	Recession-related job loss threatens health coverage for many families. This provision is intended to provide targeted assistance to individuals and families who have been involuntarily terminated to enable them to afford premium payments for health insurance coverage under COBRA. The Joint Committee on Taxation estimates that this provision would help 7 million people maintain their health insurance by providing a vital bridge for workers who have been forced out of their jobs in this recession.
Website:	For Employees: http://www.dol.gov/ebsa/COBRA.html For Employers: http://www.irs.gov/newsroom/article/0,,id=204708,00.html IRS Form 941 (for Employers): http://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f941.pdf
Phone:	1-866-4-USA-DOL

JOB TRAINING/ UNEMPLOYMENT

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Employment Training Services- Adult

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act total: \$500 million

Oregon will receive \$6.3 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Bureau of Labor and Industries
Purpose:	To train unemployed adults to ensure that supportive services and needs-related payments are available to support the employment and training needs of priority populations, including recipients of public assistance and other low-income individuals
Funding Type:	Formula, with a portion of the funds within each State to be sub-allocated by population areas
Website:	http://www.boli.state.or.us/
Phone:	971-673-0761

Employment Training Services- Dislocated Workers

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act total: \$1.25 billion

Oregon will receive \$14.7 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Bureau of Labor and Industries
Purpose:	To assure that supportive services and needs-related payments that may be necessary for an individual's participation in job training are a part of the dislocated worker service strategy.
Website:	http://www.boli.state.or.us/
Phone:	971-673-0761

Employment Training Services- Youth

\$1.2 billion was included for the Dislocated Workers State Grants. Provisions also raise the age of eligibility for youth services provided with the additional funds through age 24 to allow local programs to reach young adults who have become disconnected from both education and the labor market.

Oregon will receive \$15.2 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Bureau of Labor and Industries
Purpose:	To create summer employment opportunities for youth and language applying the work readiness performance indicator to such summer jobs is included as an appropriate measure for those activities. Year-round youth activities are also envisioned.
Website:	http://www.boli.state.or.us/
Phone:	971-673-0761

Employment Services

\$250 million was included for Wagner-Peyser employment services

Oregon's allotment has yet to be determined

Administrator:	Oregon Bureau of Labor and Industries
Purpose:	Formula funding to states for reemployment services to connect unemployment insurance claimants to employment and training opportunities that will facilitate their reentry to employment.
Website:	http://www.boli.state.or.us/
Phone:	971-673-0761

Dislocated Worker Assistance National Reserve

\$200 million was included for DOL national Emergency Grants

Office:	U.S. Employment and Training Administration
Agency:	U.S. Department of Labor
Purpose:	These funds will allow the secretary of labor to award national emergency grants to respond to plant closings, mass layoffs and other worker dislocations
Website:	www.doleta.gov/NEG/ www.doleta.gov/grants/
Phone:	877-872-5627 (One-Stop Career Center Help Line)

YouthBuild

\$50 million was included for the YouthBuild Program. The conference agreement includes language to allow YouthBuild grantees to serve individuals who have dropped out of school and reenrolled in an alternative school, if that reenrollment is part of a sequential service strategy

Office:	U.S. Employment and Training Administration
Agency:	U.S. Department of Labor
Purpose:	Provides services for at-risk youth, who gain education and occupational credentials while constructing or rehabilitating affordable housing.

Website:	www.doleta.gov/youth_services/youthbuild.cfm
Phone:	877-872-5627 (One-Stop Career Center Help Line)

Green Jobs Training

\$500 million was included for grants to train workers in energy efficiency and renewable energy jobs

Office:	U.S. Employment and Training Administration
Agency:	U.S. Department of Labor
Type:	Competitive Grants
Purpose:	These funds will be used for projects that prepare workers for careers in energy efficiency and renewable energy as described in the Green Jobs Act of 2007
Website:	www.doleta.gov/
Phone:	877-872-5627 (One-Stop Career Center Help Line)

Job Corps Program

\$250 million for the Office of Job Corps

Office:	Office of Job Corps
Agency:	U.S. Department of Labor
Type:	Competitive Grants
Purpose:	The funds will support construction and modernization of a network of residential facilities serving at-risk youth. The funds will allow the Office of Job Corps to move forward on a number of ready-to-go rehabilitation and construction projects, including those where competitions have already been concluded.
Website:	www.jobcorps.gov/
Phone:	202-693-3000 (Job Corps Program)

Unemployment Insurance

Included provisions to extend the Emergency Unemployment Compensation Program and provides \$25 more a week in Unemployment Insurance benefits to recipients

Administrator:	Oregon Employment Department
Description:	Unemployment Insurance (UI) is temporary income for workers who are unemployed through no fault of their own and who are either looking for new jobs, in approved training, or awaiting recall to employment. Regular UI is a state funded program that provides up to 26 weeks of benefits.

	Emergency UI is a federal funded program created in 2008 to provide additional benefits of up to 33 weeks of benefits for those living in states with high unemployment. Both are administered by the Oregon Employment Department.
Provisions:	Encourage Unemployment Insurance (UI) Modernization would provide up to \$7 billion to reward and encourage States enacting specific reforms designed to increase UI coverage among low-wage, part-time and other jobless workers, as well as provide an additional \$500 million in UI administrative funding.
	The current federally-funded emergency UI program (which provides up to 33 weeks of extended benefits) is scheduled to begin to phase out at the end of March 2009. The proposal would use general revenues to extend the program through December 31, 2009.
	The proposal would provide federal funding to increase both regular and emergency unemployment benefits by \$25 a week through calendar year 2009.
Purpose:	The funds will support construction and modernization of a network of residential facilities serving at-risk youth. The funds will allow the Office of Job Corps to move forward on a number of ready-to-go rehabilitation and construction projects, including those where competitions have already been concluded.
Information:	http://www.employment.oregon.gov/EMPLOY/UI/index.shtml
Phone:	Find contact information here: http://www.employment.oregon.gov/EMPLOY/UI/contact_us.shtml

Trade Adjustment Assistance for Workers

Included provisions to expand the eligibility and benefits of the Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) and reauthorizes the program through December 31, 2010

Administrator:	Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance; U.S. Department of Labor
Purpose:	To assist workers at firms who have become (or are threatened to become) fully or partially separated from employment due to trade with foreign countries. Workers (3 or more) must apply for a TAA eligibility designation from the Secretary of Labor.
Provisions:	Extends TAA program to cover workers at affected public agencies, as well downstream service providers. The program provides qualified workers with compensation, health care tax credits, relocation allowances, training allowances, alternative TAA benefits (for workers over 50) and other services.
Website:	http://www.doleta.gov/tradeact/
Contact:	415-625-7900 (Region 6 Office, San Francisco)

Trade Adjustment Assistance for Communities

\$150 million was included for the Trade Adjustment Assistance for Communities grant program.

Administrator:	U.S. Department of Commerce
Purpose:	Creates a Trade Adjustment Assistance for Communities program that will allow a community to apply for designation as a community affected by trade.
Description:	Communities provide the Secretary of Commerce with a strategic plan for community redevelopment. The Secretary may then appropriate up to \$5 million per community to help implement the plan. Communities must match 5% of the funds allotted by the Commerce Department.
Website:	www.commerce.gov
Contact:	(202) 482-2000 (U.S. Department of Commerce)

Trade Adjustment Assistance for Firms

Reauthorizes the program through 2010, and increases to \$50 million the funding authorization for Fiscal Year 2009 and 2010 for the Trade Adjustment Assistance for Firms program

Administrator:	Economic Development Administration
Agency:	Department of Commerce
Purpose:	Provides consulting services to firms whose workers have been certified TAA eligible. Consulting services are administered through non-profit Trade Adjustment Assistance Centers (TAACs). There are 11 TAACs Nationally, which receive funding through the Economic Development Agency.
Description:	When workers are certified by the DOL to be TAA benefit eligible, the Secretary of Commerce is required to reach out to the firm to notify it of its potential TAA eligibility. A final determination of eligibility is then made by the Secretary of Commerce. Grants for those eligible firms are made available by the Secretary to the 8 regional Economic Development Administrations, who then divide funding to the 11 regional TAACs, which provide various services to firms in order to increase their competitiveness.
Website:	http://www.eda.gov/Research/TradeAdj.xml
Contact:	206-220-7660 (Seattle Regional Office)

Sector Partnership Grants

\$40 million was included for the Sector Partnership Grant.

Administrator:	U.S. Department of Labor
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Purpose:	To facilitate partnerships between industry, State and local governments, firms, local labor and workforce investment boards, and educational institutions to strengthen and revitalize industries. Grants may be used to help the partnerships identify the skill needs of the targeted industry or sector and any gaps in the supply of available, skilled workers in the community impacted by trade. They may also be used to implement and develop strategies for small-and medium-sized firms to increase their productivity and retain workers.
Description:	Establishes a Sector Partnership Grant program that allows the Secretary of Labor to award industry or sector partnership grants to facilitate efforts of the partnership to strengthen and revitalize industries.
Website:	www.dol.gov
Contact:	1-877-US-2JOBS

Community College and Career training Grants

\$40 million included for the Community College and Career Training Grants program.

Agency:	U.S. Department of Labor
Purpose:	Allows Educational Institutions to apply for grants which will be used to develop or improve a program for workers eligible for the TAA for Workers Program.
Description:	Grant proposals must include information regarding the manner in which the grant will be used to improve or develop an education or training program, the extent to which the program will meet the needs of workers in the community, the extent to which the proposal fits into a communities strategic plan or Sector Partnership Grant, and any previous experience of the institution in providing such services to TAA eligible workers.
Website:	www.dol.gov
Contact:	1-877-US-2JOBS

SMALL BUSINESS

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Micro-Loan Program

Funding to increase loans from SBA to participating Microlenders by \$50 million through September 30, 2010, and adds \$24 million in grants to provide technical assistance to borrowers.

Agency:	Small Business (SBA)
Description:	Provides very small loans to start-up, newly established, or growing small business concerns. Under this program, SBA makes funds available to nonprofit community based lenders (intermediaries) which, in turn, make loans to eligible borrowers in amounts up to a maximum of \$35,000. The average loan size is about \$13,000. Applications are submitted to the local intermediary and all credit decisions are made on the local level.
Website:	http://www.sba.gov/services/financialassistance/sbaloantopics/microloans/index.html http://www.sba.gov/localresources/district/or/index.html (Oregon District Office) http://www.sba.gov/recovery/index.html
Email:	answerdesk@sba.gov
Contact:	1-800-827-5722 (503) 326-2682 (Oregon District Office)

7(a) Loan Guarantee Program

\$375 million was included for temporary fee reduction for the 7(a) loan guarantee program and the 504 loan program.

Agency:	Small Business Administration (SBA)
Provisions:	Temporary fee elimination - SBA is directed to collect no fee or reduce fees to the maximum extent possible for the 7(a) loan program SBA may guarantee up to 90% of 7(a) loans
Purpose:	To ensure small businesses have access to 7(a) loans that may be used to establish a new business or to assist in the operation, acquisition or expansion of an existing business.
Website:	http://www.sba.gov/services/financialassistance/sbaloantopics/7a/ http://www.sba.gov/localresources/district/or/index.html

Email:	answerdesk@sba.gov
Contact:	1-800-827-5722 (503) 326-2682 (Oregon District Office)

504 Loan Program

\$375 million was included for the temporary fee reduction for the 7(a) loan guarantee program and the 504 loan program.

Agency:	Small Business Administration (SBA)
Purpose:	To ensure small businesses maintain adequate access to 504 loans for fixed asset projects. 504 loans may be used for purchasing land and improvements, including existing buildings, grading, street improvements, utilities, parking lots and landscaping; construction of new facilities, or modernizing, renovating or converting existing facilities; or purchasing long-term machinery and equipment.
Description:	Fees total approximately three (3) percent of the debenture and may be financed with the loan.
Website:	http://www.sba.gov/services/financialassistance/sbaloantopics/cdc504/index.html http://www.sba.gov/localresources/district/or/index.html
Email:	answerdesk@sba.gov
Contact:	1-800-827-5722 (503) 326-2682 (Oregon District Office)

Business Stabilization Program

\$225 million was included for loan subsidies and loan modifications for loans to small business that are experiencing immediate financial hardship.

Agency:	Small Business Administration (SBA)
Purpose:	To provide loans on a deferred basis to viable small business concerns that have a qualifying small business loan and are experiencing immediate financial hardship
Activities:	To be used to make periodic payment of principal and interest, either in full or in part, on an existing small business loan for no more than 6 months
Website:	www.sba.gov http://www.sba.gov/localresources/district/or/index.html
Email:	answerdesk@sba.gov
Contact:	1-800-827-5722 (503) 326-2682 (Oregon District Office)

PUBLIC SAFETY/ LAW ENFORCEMENT

The following information about funding included in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 was compiled by the Office of U.S. Representative Peter DeFazio. This document is intended to provide the public with basic information of potential federal assistance and funding opportunities. Those interested in these or similar programs should contact the appropriate federal and state agencies for detailed information. Please note: Not all applicable programs are included below; the following information is subject to change; and additional requirements, restrictions and guidance may apply.

State Stabilization Fund

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act total: \$53.6 billion

Oregon will receive \$568 million in stabilization funding

Administrator:	Office of the Governor DAS Budget and Management Division
	To provide fiscal relief to the States to prevent tax increases and cutbacks in critical education and other services. To provide funding for elementary, secondary, and higher education, and for public safety and other government services, including higher education modernization.
Purpose:	States must dedicate 81.8 percent of these funds to elementary, secondary, and higher education. These funds must be used first to restore state support of education through 2011 to the greatest of 2008 or 2009 levels, and also must follow existing formula increases for elementary and secondary fiscal support for 2010 and 2011. States may use the remaining 18.2 percent of the funds to support any public safety or other government service, including education. States have total discretion in the use of these funds, so long as their use is for some government service and is not otherwise prohibited by law.
Website:	http://www.governor.state.or.us/ http://www.oregon.gov/DAS/BAM/index.shtml
Phone:	503.378.4582 (Office of the Governor) 503-378-3106 (DAS Budget and Management Division)

Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program

\$210 million was included for the firefighter assistance grant program for fire station construction. Each grant may not exceed \$15 million.

Agency:	Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Department of Homeland Security
Type	Competitive Grant
Purpose:	To provide assistance for communities to modify, upgrade or construct state and local fire stations

Website:	www.firegrantsupport.com/AFG/
Email:	firegrants@dhs.gov
Phone	1-866-274-0960 (Help Desk)

SAFER (Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response) Grant Program

Agency:	Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Department of Homeland Security
Type	Competitive Grant
Purpose:	The ARRA waives the cost-share requirement for SAFER grants awarded with fiscal year 2009 and 2010 funding
Website:	www.firegrantsupport.com/safer/
Email:	firegrants@dhs.gov
Phone	1-866-274-0960 (Help Desk)

Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grants

\$2 billion included for Byrne/JAG program

Oregon will receive \$33 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Office of the Governor, Oregon Budget and Management Division Oregon Department of Justice
Funding type:	Formula funding to state and local police forces to help prevent, fight, and prosecute crime
Activities:	Programs for law enforcement programs; prosecution and courts; prevention and education; corrections and community corrections; drug treatment and enforcement; planning, evaluation, and technology improvement; crime victim and witness programs. Funds can be used to pay for personnel, overtime, and equipment. Funds provided to states can be used for statewide initiatives, technical assistance and training, and support for local and rural jurisdictions
Oregon profile:	http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/grant/08jagallocations.html (2008 allocation levels) http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/recoveryJAG/recoveryallocations.html
Website:	http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/grant/jag.html http://www.oregon.gov/OSP/CJS/byrne.shtml
Phone:	503-378-4145 (Oregon State Police- Criminal Justice Services)
Email:	linda.atkin@state.or.us

Byrne Competitive Grants Program

\$225 million to be used for the Edward Byrne Memorial Discretionary Grant Program

Office	Office of Justice Assistance
Agency:	Department of Justice
Funding Type:	Competitive Grants
Purpose:	To prevent crime, improve the administration of justice, provide services to victims of crime, support critical nurturing and mentoring of at-risk children and youth, and for other similar activities.
Description:	In order to stabilize state and local governments and fight crime, funds can be used for a variety of purposes, including equipment, operations and support for other associated law enforcement personnel (such as prosecutors, public defenders, etc.). These funds can also be used to pay overtime expenses of officers on multi-jurisdictional task forces.
Website:	www.ojp.usdoj.gov/BJA/
Email:	byrne.discretionary@usdoj.gov
Phone:	1-866-859-2687 (Bureau of Justice Assistance)

Community Oriented Policy Services (COPS) Hiring Grants

\$1 million included for the COPS Hiring Grants program. The \$75,000 per officer salary cap and the 25% local match requirement is waived for funding provided in the stimulus, fiscal year 2009 and 2010 bills.

Office:	Office of Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS)
Agency:	Department of Justice
Funding Type:	Up to \$1 billion in Competitive grant funding will be available for the hiring and rehiring of additional career law enforcement officers.
Purpose:	A competitive grant program that provides funding directly to law enforcement agencies having primary law enforcement authority to create and preserve jobs and to increase their community policing capacity and crime-prevention efforts. COPS grants will provide 100 percent funding for approved entry-level salaries and benefits for 3 years (36 months) for newly-hired, full-time sworn officer positions (including filling existing unfunded vacancies) or for rehired officers who have been laid off, or are scheduled to be laid off on a future date, as a result of local budget cuts. There is no cap on the number of positions an agency may request, but awards will be limited to available funding. Please be mindful of the initial 3-year grant period and your agency's ability to fill the officer positions awarded, while following your agency's established hiring policies and procedures. Grant solicitation opens March 16, 2009 and closes April 14, 2009
Oregon profile	http://www.cops.usdoj.gov/pdf/Cong_Conf_Calls/Quick_Facts/orqf.pdf

Website:	www.cops.usdoj.gov
Email:	Ask.cops@usdoj.gov
Phone:	202-514-9079.

STOP Violence Against Women Formula Grant Program

\$175 million in STOP Violence Against Women Formula Grant Program

Oregon will receive \$2.3 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Office of the Governor, Oregon Budget and Management Division Oregon Department of Justice
Funding Type:	Formula funding to state agency
Description:	The STOP (Services, Training, Officers, and Prosecutors) Violence Against Women Formula Grant Program promotes a coordinated, multidisciplinary approach to improving the criminal justice system's response to violent crimes against women. The STOP Program encourages the development and strengthening of effective law enforcement and prosecution strategies to address violent crimes against women and the development and strengthening of victim services in cases involving violent crimes against women.
Purpose:	STOP formula grants are intended for use by states and territories; state, local and tribal courts (including juvenile courts); Indian tribal governments; local governments; and nonprofit, nongovernment victim services programs. Recipients are required to meet one or more of 14 statutory purpose areas. These areas include, but are not limited to training law enforcement officers, judges, court personnel and prosecutors; developing, enlarging, or strengthening victim services programs; developing, installing or expanding data collection; and developing, enlarging, or strengthening programs addressing stalking.
Oregon profile	http://www.ovw.usdoj.gov/grant-activities2007.htm#or
Website:	http://www.ovw.usdoj.gov/stop_grant_desc.htm http://www.doj.state.or.us/crimev/vawa.shtml
Email:	diana.l.fleming@doj.state.or.us
Phone:	(503) 378-5344, ext. 250 (Oregon Department of Justice)

Transitional Housing Assistance Program

\$50 million to be used for transitional housing assistance grant.

Office:	Office on Violence Against Women
Agency:	U.S. Department of Justice
Funding Type:	Competitive Grants
Purpose:	Provides competitive, peer-reviewed grants to assist victims of domestic

	violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking who are in need of transitional housing, short-term housing assistance, and related support services.
Activities:	May be used for transitional housing, short-term housing assistance, support services designed to enable individuals who are fleeing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to locate and secure permanent housing and integrate into a community by providing those individuals with services such as transportation, counseling, child care services, case management, employment counseling, and other assistance.
Eligibility:	States, units of government, Indian tribes, and other organizations, including domestic violence and sexual assault victim service providers, domestic violence and sexual assault coalitions, other nonprofit, nongovernmental organizations, or community-based and culturally specific organizations
Website:	www.ovw.usdoj.gov/thousing_grant_desc.htm
Phone:	202-307-2277 (Office on Violence Against Women)

Internet Crimes Against Children (ICAC) Task Force Program

\$50 million was included from the Internet Crimes Against Children Program
Oregon will receive \$726,000 in formula funding

Administrator:	Office of the Governor, DAS Budget and Management Division Oregon Department of Justice
Funding Type:	Formula funding to state agency
Purpose:	To help State and local law enforcement agencies enhance investigative responses to offenders who use the Internet, online communication systems, or other computer technology to sexually exploit children.
Website:	http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.gov/programs/index.html http://www.doj.state.or.us/oricac/index.shtml
Phone:	(503) 378-6347 (Oregon Department of Justice)

Victims Compensation

\$100 million to be used for victims of crimes.
Oregon will receive \$874,000 in formula funding

Administrator:	Office of the Governor, DAS Budget and Management Division Oregon Department of Justice
Funding Type:	Formula funding to state agency
Purpose:	To support State compensation and assistance programs for victims and survivors of domestic violence, sexual assault, child abuse, drunk driving, homicide, and other Federal and state crimes.
Website:	www.ojp.usdoj.gov/ovc

	http://www.doj.state.or.us/crimev/index.shtml
Phone:	503-378-5348 (Oregon Crime Victims' Services)

EDUCATION

The following information about funding included in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 was compiled by the Office of U.S. Representative Peter DeFazio. This document is intended to provide the public with basic information of potential federal assistance and funding opportunities. Those interested in these or similar programs should contact the appropriate federal and state agencies for detailed information. Please note: Not all applicable programs are included below; the following information is subject to change; and additional requirements, restrictions and guidance may apply.

State Stabilization Fund

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act total: \$53.6 billion

Oregon will receive \$568 million in stabilization funding

Administrator:	Office of the Governor DAS Budget and Management Division
Purpose:	To provide fiscal relief to the States to prevent tax increases and cutbacks in critical education and other services. To provide funding for elementary, secondary, and higher education, and for public safety and other government services, including higher education modernization.
Description:	States must dedicate 81.8 percent of these funds to elementary, secondary, and higher education. These funds must be used first to restore state support of education through 2011 to the greatest of 2008 or 2009 levels, and also must follow existing formula increases for elementary and secondary fiscal support for 2010 and 2011. States may use the remaining 18.2 percent of the funds to support any public safety or other government service, including education. States have total discretion in the use of these funds, so long as their use is for some government service and is not otherwise prohibited by law.
Website:	http://governor.oregon.gov/
Phone:	503-378-4582 (Office of the Governor)

Individuals with Disabilities Education Funding

\$12.2 billion was included for the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)

Oregon will receive \$151 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Department of Education
Description:	The IDEA Part B, Grants to States program provides formula grants to assist the States in meeting the excess costs of providing special education and related services to children with disabilities.
Purpose:	To assist States and school districts with paying for the rising cost of special education for students with disabilities.

Website:	http://www.ode.state.or.us/search/results/?id=260
Phone:	503-947-5600 (Oregon Department of Education)

Education for the Disadvantaged

\$13 billion was included for Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act

Oregon will receive \$131 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Department of Education
Description:	Provides local educational agencies (LEAs) with supplemental education funding, especially in high-poverty areas.
Purpose:	Provides funding for programs that provide extra academic support to help raise the achievement of students at risk of educational failure or to help all students in high-poverty schools meet challenging State academic standards.
Website:	http://www.ode.state.or.us/
Phone:	(503) 947-5600 (Oregon Department of Education)

Education Technology

\$650 million was included for the Enhancing Education through Technology program.

Oregon will receive \$10 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Department of Education
Description:	The Enhancing Education through Technology program supports State, district, and school efforts to integrate technology into curricula in order to improve teaching and learning. Funding shall be used for technology hardware, software applications, professional development and related instructional technology staff and services.
Purpose:	These funds should be used to improve student academic achievement and ensure that students are college and workforce ready by ensuring that every student has 21st century skills and is technology literate. In addition, the funds should be used to increase ongoing and meaningful professional development around technology that leads to changes in teaching and curriculum and improves student achievement.
Contact:	Carla Wade, Education Specialist
Website:	http://www.ode.state.or.us/search/results/?id=141
Phone:	503-947-5631 (Carla Wade)

Vocational Rehabilitation

\$540 million was included for Vocational Rehabilitation State Grants

Oregon will receive \$6.1 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Department of Human Services, Oregon Office of Vocational Rehabilitation Services (OVRs)
Description:	This program provides grants to states to support a wide range of services. Eligible individuals are those who have a physical or mental impairment that results in a substantial impediment to employment, who can benefit from vocational rehabilitation (VR) services for employment, and who require VR services. Priority must be given to serving individuals with the most significant disabilities if a state is unable to serve all eligible individuals.
Purpose:	To help individuals with disabilities prepare for and engage in gainful employment.
Website:	http://www.oregon.gov/DHS/vr/
Phone:	503-945-5880 (Office of Vocational Rehabilitation)
Email:	vr.info@state.or.us

Teacher Quality Enhancement Competitive State Grants

\$100 million was included for the Teacher Quality State Grants Program

Office:	Office of Postsecondary Education
Agency:	U.S. Department of Education
Description:	States may use grant funds to reform teacher licensing and certification requirements; provide alternative methods of teacher preparation; and provide alternative routes to State certification. The funds provided in the economic recovery bill will assist States in modernizing the teaching workforce, address teacher shortages, and provide new routes to teaching for jobless individuals seeking to enter the teaching field.
Purpose:	To provide grants to States to improve the quality of the teaching workforce.
Website:	www.ed.gov/programs/heatqp/eligibility.html
Phone:	202-502-7676 (Teacher Quality Enhancement Grants Program)

Statewide Longitudinal Data Systems Grant Program

\$250 million was included in competitive grants for the Statewide Longitudinal Data Systems Program

Office:	Institute of Education Sciences
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Agency:	U.S. Department of Education
Description:	With these grants, states could increase the capacity of their data systems, provide teachers the information they need to tailor instruction to help each student improve, and give administrators the resources and information to effectively and efficiently manage their data systems.
Purpose:	To make competitive grants to States to enable them to design and develop statewide longitudinal data systems that use individual student data for reporting and improving student achievement, and to facilitate research to improve student achievement and close achievement gaps.
Website:	www.nces.ed.gov/programs/slids/
Phone:	202-502-7300 (National Center for Educational Statistics)

Student Financial Assistance

\$15.64 billion was included for the Pell Grant program. \$200 million was included for work-study programs. These additional funds will provide immediate financial relief to an additional 800,000 students and their families who are struggling to pay for the cost of a higher education during the economic downturn.

Office:	Office of Federal Student Aid
Agency:	U.S. Department of Education
Description:	Students may fill out the <i>Free Application for Federal Student Aid</i> (FAFSA) to determine if they are eligible to receive a Federal Pell Grant or Work-Study funds.
Purpose:	To provide need-based scholarships for undergraduate students.
Website:	www.ed.gov/programs/fpg/index.html
Phone:	1-800-433-3243 or 1-800-4FED-AID

Aid for Homeless Education

\$70 million of additional funds was included for grants under subtitle B of title VII of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act

Oregon will receive \$1.58 million in formula funding

Office:	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education
Agency:	U.S. Department of Education
Purpose:	Ensures that homeless children, including preschoolers and youths, have equal access to free and appropriate public education
Website:	http://www.ed.gov/policy/gen/leg/recovery/index.html
Phone:	(503) 947-5600 (Oregon Department of Education)

CHILD CARE

The following information about funding included in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 was compiled by the Office of U.S. Representative Peter DeFazio. This document is intended to provide the public with basic information of potential federal assistance and funding opportunities. Those interested in these or similar programs should contact the appropriate federal and state agencies for detailed information. Please note: Not all applicable programs are included below; the following information is subject to change; and additional requirements, restrictions and guidance may apply.

Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG)

\$2 billion was included for the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) program

Oregon will receive \$22.5 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Employment Department - Child Care Division
Description:	Provides subsidized child care services through vouchers or contracts with providers to low-income working families and low-income families in which parents are engaged in education or training.
Contact:	Oregon Employment Department - Child Care Division
Website:	http://egov.oregon.gov/EMPLOY/CCD/index.shtml http://www.oregon.gov/DHS/children/childcare/main.shtml
Phone:	1-800-556-6616 (Child Care Division)

Head Start Program

\$2.1 billion was included for Head Start Program funding and expansion of the Early Head Start Program

Oregon will receive \$6.4 million in formula funding

Office:	Administration for Children and Families
Agency:	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Purpose:	Funding is administered directly to Head Start programs in states to provide development, educational, health, nutritional, social, and other activities that prepare children to succeed in school
Oregon profile:	http://www.ode.state.or.us/search/results/?id=41
Phone:	(503) 947-5600 (Oregon Department of Education)

Community Services Block Grant (CSBG)

\$1 billion was included for Community Services Block Grant (CSBG)

Oregon will receive \$8.1 million in formula funding

Office:	Administration for Children and Families
Agency:	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Administrator:	Oregon Department of Human Services
Description:	Provides funding to local community action agencies for services for the growing number of low-income families hurt by the economic crisis, such as housing and mortgage counseling, jobs skills training, food pantry assistance, as well as benefits, outreach, and enrollment.
Website:	http://www.oregon.gov/DHS/index.shtml (Oregon DHS)
Phone:	503-945-5944 (Oregon DHS)
Email:	dhs.info@state.or.us

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)

\$20 billion was included for SNAP, which includes a 13.6% increase to maximum food stamp benefits

Oregon will receive \$307 million in formula funding

Administrator:	Oregon Department of Human Services (DHS)
Description:	SNAP, formerly the Food Stamp Program, is a nutrition program that helps low-income individuals and families afford food. SNAP also provides education about nutrition to help recipients choose foods that enhance their health and well being.
Website:	http://www.oregon.gov/DHS/index.shtml
Phone:	503-945-5944 (Oregon DHS)

ARTS

The following information about funding included in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 was compiled by the Office of U.S. Representative Peter DeFazio. This document is intended to provide the public with basic information of potential federal assistance and funding opportunities. Those interested in these or similar programs should contact the appropriate federal and state agencies for detailed information. Please note: Not all applicable programs are included below; the following information is subject to change; and additional requirements, restrictions and guidance may apply.

National Endowment of the Arts

\$50 million included for competitive awards through the NEA

Type:	Competitive Grants
Description:	To fund arts projects and activities which preserve jobs in the non-profit arts sector threatened by declines in philanthropic and other support during the current economic downturn
Note:	Matching requirement waived
Phone:	(202) 682-5400 Questions about eligibility, the appropriate discipline/field of a project, project breadth, consortium projects
Website:	www.nea.gov
Helpful links:	http://www.nea.gov/recovery/index . Competitive Grant Guidelines: http://www.nea.gov/recovery/nea-recovery-programs.html Grants to State and Regional Arts Organizations guidelines: http://www.nea.gov/grants/apply/recovery-states/index.html

TAX PROVISIONS

The following information about individual and small business tax provisions in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 was compiled by the Office of U.S. Representative Peter DeFazio. This document is intended to provide the public with basic information about tax provisions in the legislation. Those interested in these or similar provisions should contact the appropriate federal and state agencies for detailed information. Please note: Not all applicable tax provisions are included below; the following information is subject to change; and additional requirements, restrictions and guidance may apply.

“Making Work Pay” Tax Credit

Description:	For 2009 and 2010, the bill would provide a refundable tax credit of up to \$400 for working individuals and \$800 for working families.
How to apply:	Taxpayers will receive this benefit through a reduction in the amount of income tax withheld from their paychecks. Taxpayers may consult with their employer and visit www.irs.gov for more information.

Increase in Earned Income Tax Credit

Description:	The earned income tax credit (EITC) is a tax credit for low-income working individuals and families that is refundable for certain taxpayers, meaning it can be claimed even if the credit is worth more than the taxes owed. This provision would temporarily increase the earned income tax credit from 40% to 45% for working families with three or more children.
How to apply:	Taxpayers will receive this credit by claiming the credit on their tax returns. The provision is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008. For more information about the EITC, please contact www.irs.gov .

Refundable First Time Home Buyer Tax Credit

Description:	There is an \$8,000 tax credit for first-time home buyers who purchase a home from Jan 1, 2009 to December 1, 2009. It also eliminates repayment obligations that are under current law unless the home is sold within three years of purchase. In that case, the credit would still be subject to the current-law recapture rules.
How to apply:	Eligible taxpayers can claim this credit when filing their taxes.

Child Tax Credit

Description:	A child tax credit is a tax credit based on the number of dependent children in a family. This provision would increase the eligibility of the
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	refundable child tax credit.
How to apply:	The provision is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008. The tax credit will be given after filing for taxes. For more information, visit www.irs.gov .

Alternative Minimum Tax

Description:	This provision would provide more than 26 million families with tax relief in 2009 by extending AMT relief for nonrefundable personal credits and increasing the AMT exemption amount to \$70,950 for joint filers and \$46,700 for individuals.
How to apply:	This benefit will automatically go into effect without any action from the taxpayer.

Incentives to Hire Unemployed Veterans and Disconnected Youth.

Description:	Under current law, businesses are allowed to claim a work opportunity tax credit equal to 40 percent of the first \$6,000 of wages paid to employees of one of nine targeted groups; families receiving Temporary Assistance to Needy Families, certain veterans receiving food stamps or disability compensation, certain ex-felons, residents of designated communities, individuals in vocational rehabilitation, certain youths employed during the summer, certain food stamp recipients, certain recipients of SSI, and long-term recipients of family assistance. The bill creates two new targeted groups of prospective employees: unemployed veterans and disconnected youth. An individual would qualify as an unemployed veteran if they were discharged or released from active duty from the Armed Forces during the five-year period prior to hiring and received unemployment compensation for more than four weeks during the year before being hired. An individual qualifies as a disconnected youth if they are between the ages of 16 and 25 and have not been regularly employed or attended school in the past 6 months. This proposal is estimated to cost \$231 million over 10 years.
How to apply:	The participating business will receive the work opportunity tax credit when taxes are filed with the IRS. Visit www.irs.gov or http://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/p954.pdf .

Qualified School Construction Bonds

Description:	The bill creates a new category of tax credit bonds for the construction, rehabilitation, or repair of public school facilities or for the acquisition of land on which a public school facility will be constructed. There is a
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	<p>national limitation on the amount of qualified school construction bonds that may be issued by State and local governments of \$22 billion (\$11 billion allocated initially in 2009 and the remainder allocated in 2010). There is a national limitation on the amount of qualified school construction bonds that may be issued by Indian tribal governments of \$400 million (\$200 million allocated initially in 2009 and the remainder allocated in 2010). This proposal is estimated to cost \$9.877 billion over 10 years.</p>
How to apply:	<p>The taxpayer holding qualified school construction bonds on a credit allowance date is entitled to a tax credit. The amount of the tax credit is determined by multiplying the bond's credit rate by the face amount on the holder's bond. The tax credit will be received when taxes are filed with the IRS. Visit www.irs.gov</p>

Extension and Increase in Authorization for Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZABs).

Description:	<p>The bill allows an additional \$1.4 billion of QZAB issuing authority to State and local governments in 2009 and 2010, which can be used to finance renovations, equipment purchases, developing course material, and training teachers and personnel at a qualified zone academy. In general, a qualified zone academy is any public school (or academic program within a public school) below college level that is located in an empowerment zone or enterprise community and is designed to cooperate with businesses to enhance the academic curriculum and increase graduation and employment rates. QZABs are a form of tax credit bonds, which offer the holder a Federal tax credit instead of interest. This proposal is estimated to cost \$1.045 billion over 10 years.</p>
How to apply:	<p>The taxpayer holding qualified school construction bonds on a credit allowance date is entitled to a tax credit. The amount of the tax credit is determined by multiplying the bond's credit rate by the face amount on the holder's bond. The tax credit will be received when taxes are filed with the IRS. Visit http://www.irs.gov/publications/p954/ar02.html#d0e3636</p>

Economic Recovery Payment to Recipients of Social Security, SSI, Railroad Retirement and Veterans Disability Compensation Benefits

Description:	<p>This provision would provide a one-time payment of \$250 to retirees, disabled individuals and SSI recipients receiving benefits from the Social Security Administration, Railroad Retirement beneficiaries, and disabled veterans receiving benefits from the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs. The one-time payment is a reduction to any allowable Making Work Pay credit.</p>
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How to apply:	For more information, please visit www.irs.gov or www.treasury.gov .
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Refundable Credit for Certain Federal and State Pensioners

Description:	The bill would provide a one- time refundable tax credit of \$250 in 2009 to certain government retirees who are not eligible for Social Security benefits. This one-time credit is a reduction to any allowable Making Work Pay credit.
How to apply:	For more information, please visit www.irs.gov .

Sales Tax Deduction for Vehicle Purchases

Description:	The provision provides all taxpayers with a deduction for State and local sales and excise taxes paid on the purchase of new cars, light truck, recreational vehicles, and motorcycles through 2009. This deduction is subject to a phase-out for taxpayers with adjusted gross income in excess of \$125,000 (\$250,000 in the case of a joint return).
How to apply:	Taxpayers can seek this deduction by claiming the deduction on their 2009 tax return.

Temporary Suspension of Taxation of Unemployment Benefits

Description:	Under current law, all federal unemployment benefits are subject to taxation. The average unemployment benefit is approximately \$300 per month. The proposal temporarily suspends federal income tax on the first \$2,400 of unemployment benefits per recipient. Any unemployment benefits over \$2,400 will be subject to federal income tax. This proposal is in effect for taxable year 2009.
How to apply:	The provision will take effect and suspend the withholding of federal income tax on unemployment benefits automatically.

Industrial Development Bonds (IDB)

Description:	Under current law, certain manufacturing facilities are eligible for tax exempt bond financing. Section 144(a) (12) (C) specifically limits the definition of a manufacturing facility for the purposes of such financing to facilities that are used in the manufacturing or production of tangible personal property. This provision amends the definition of manufacturing facility to any facility used in the manufacturing, creation, or production of tangible or intangible property described in section 197(d)(1)(C)(iii). Intangible property is any patent, copyright, formula, process, design, pattern, knowhow, format, or other similar item. The proposal also
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	clarifies which physical components of a manufacturing facility qualify as "ancillary" and therefore are subjected to a 25% limitation in the amount of bond issuance used to build or re-construct those components.
How to apply:	This provision will take effect adding to the definition for tax exempt bonds.

Advanced Energy Investment Credit

Description:	This provision establishes a new 30% investment tax credit for facilities engaged in the manufacture of advanced energy property. Credits are available only for projects certified by the Secretary of Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, through a competitive bidding process. The Secretary of Treasury must establish a certification program no later than 180 days after date of enactment, and may allocate up to \$2.3 billion in credits. Advanced energy property includes technology for the production of renewable energy, energy storage, energy conservation, efficient transmission and distribution of electricity, and carbon capture and sequestration.
How to apply:	Please check www.energy.gov for more information as the Advanced Energy Investment Credit is implemented.

Modify Speed Requirement for High-Speed Rail Exempt Facility Bonds

Description:	Under current law, States are allowed to issue private activity bonds for high-speed rail facilities. Under current law, a high-speed rail facility is a facility for the transportation of passengers between metropolitan areas using vehicles that are reasonably expected to operate at speeds in excess of 150 miles per hour between scheduled stops. This provision would allow these bonds to be used to develop rail facilities that are used by trains that are capable of attaining speeds in excess of 150 miles per hour.
How to apply:	This provision adds to the definition of an existing bond. More information can be found at www.treasury.gov .

Tax Credit Bond Option for State and Local Governments (“Build America Bonds”)

Description:	The Federal government provides significant financial support to State and local governments through the federal tax exemption for interest on municipal bonds. Both tax credit bonds and tax-exempt bonds provide a subsidy to municipalities by reducing the cash interest payments that a State or local government must make on its debt. Tax credit bonds differ from tax-exempt bonds in two principal ways: (1) interest paid on tax credit bonds is taxable; and (2) a portion of the interest paid on tax credit bonds takes the form of a Federal tax credit. The Federal tax credit offsets
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	a portion of the cash interest payment that the State or local government would otherwise need to make on the borrowing. For 2009 and 2010, this proposal provides State and local governments with the option of issuing a tax credit bond instead of a tax-exempt governmental obligation bond. Because the market for tax credits is currently small given current economic conditions, the bill would allow the State or local government to elect to receive a direct payment from the Federal government equal to the subsidy that would have otherwise been delivered through the Federal tax credit for bonds.
How to apply:	Please check www.treasury.gov for more information as they implement this program.

Long-term Extension and Modification of Renewable Energy Production Tax Credit

Description:	This proposal would extend the placed-in-service date for wind facilities for three years (through December 31, 2012). This proposal would also extend the placed-in-service date for three years (through December 31, 2013) for certain other qualifying facilities: closed-loop biomass; open-loop biomass; geothermal; small irrigation; hydropower; landfill gas; waste-to-energy; and marine renewable facilities.
How to apply:	This provision adds to the definition of an existing bond. More information can be found at www.treasury.gov .

Temporary Election to Claim the Investment Tax Credit in Lieu of the Production Tax Credit

Description:	Under current law, facilities that produce electricity from solar facilities are eligible to take a thirty percent (30%) investment tax credit in the year that the facility is placed in service. Facilities that produce electricity from wind, closed-loop biomass, open-loop biomass, geothermal, small irrigation, hydropower, landfill gas, waste-to-energy, and marine renewable facilities are eligible for a production tax credit. The production tax credit is payable over a ten-year period. Because of current market conditions, it is difficult for many renewable projects to find financing due to the uncertain future tax positions of potential investors in these projects. The bill would allow facilities to elect to claim the investment tax credit in lieu of the production tax credit.
How to apply:	Participants will be able to file the tax credit on their tax return. For more information, visit www.irs.gov

Tax Credits for Alternative Refueling Property

Description:	The alternative refueling property credit provides a tax credit to businesses (e.g., gas stations) that install alternative fuel pumps, such as fuel pumps that dispense E85 fuel, electricity, hydrogen, and natural gas. For 2009 and 2010, this provision would increase the 30% alternative refueling property credit for businesses (capped at \$30,000) to 50% (capped at \$50,000). Hydrogen refueling pumps would remain at a 30% credit percentage; however, the cap for hydrogen refueling pumps will be increased to \$200,000. In addition, this provision would increase the 30% alternative refueling property credit for individuals (capped at \$1,000) to 50% (capped at \$2,000).
How to apply:	Participants will be able to file for this tax credit on their tax return. For more information, visit www.irs.gov .

Plug-in Electric Drive Vehicle Credit

Description:	This provision modifies and increases a tax credit passed into law at the end of last Congress for each qualified plug-in electric drive vehicle placed in service during the taxable year. The base amount of the credit is \$2,500. If the qualified vehicle draws propulsion from a battery with at least 5 kilowatt hours of capacity, the credit is increased by \$417, plus another \$417 for each kilowatt hour of battery capacity in excess of 5 kilowatt hours up to 16 kilowatt hours. Taxpayers may claim the full amount of the allowable credit up to the end of the first calendar quarter in which the manufacturer records its 200,000th sale of a plug-in electric drive vehicle. The credit is reduced in following calendar quarters. The credit is allowed against the alternative minimum tax (AMT). This bill also restores and updates the electric vehicle credit for plug-in electric vehicles that would not otherwise qualify for the larger plug-in electric drive vehicle credit and provides a tax credit for plug-in electric drive conversion kits.
How to apply:	Participants will be able to file for the tax credit on their tax return.

Clean Renewable Energy Bonds (“CREBs”)

Description:	This provision authorizes an additional \$1.6 billion of new clean renewable energy bonds to finance facilities that generate electricity from the following resources: wind; closed-loop biomass; open-loop biomass; geothermal; small irrigation; hydropower; landfill gas; marine renewable; and trash combustion facilities. This \$1.6 billion authorization will be subdivided into thirds: 1/3 will be available for qualifying projects of State/local/tribal governments; 1/3 for qualifying projects of public power providers; and 1/3 for qualifying projects of electric cooperatives.
How to apply:	Qualified participants will be able to utilize this bond program as it is developed. Check www.treasury.gov for additional information after this program is implemented.

Tax Credits for Energy-Efficient Improvements to Existing Homes

Description:	This provision would extend the tax credits for improvements to energy-efficient existing homes through 2010. Under current law, individuals are allowed a tax credit equal to ten percent (10%) of the amount paid or incurred by the taxpayer for qualified energy efficiency improvements installed during the taxable year. This tax credit is capped at \$50 for any advanced main air circulating fan, \$150 for any qualified natural gas, propane, oil furnace or hot water boiler, and \$300 for any item of energy-efficient building property. For 2009 and 2010, this provision would increase the amount of the tax credit to thirty percent (30%) of the amount paid or incurred by the taxpayer for qualified energy efficiency improvements during the taxable year. This provision would also eliminate the property-by-property dollar caps on this tax credit and provide an aggregate \$1,500 cap on all property qualifying for the credit. This provision would update the energy-efficiency standards of the property qualifying for the credit.
How to apply:	Participants will be able to file for the tax credit on their tax return.

Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds

Description:	This provision authorizes an additional \$2.4 billion of qualified energy conservation bonds to finance State, municipal and tribal government programs and initiatives designed to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. This provision would also clarify that qualified energy conservation bonds may be issued to make loans and grants for capital expenditures to implement green community programs. This provision also clarifies that qualified energy conservation bonds may be used for programs in which utilities provide ratepayers with energy-efficient property and recoup the costs of that property over an extended period of time.
How to apply:	Qualified participants will be able to utilize this bond program as it is developed. Check www.treasury.gov for additional information after this program is implemented.

Addition of Permanent Sequestration Requirement to CO2 Capture Tax Credit

Description:	Last year, Congress provided a \$10 credit per ton for the first 75 million metric tons of carbon dioxide captured and transported from an industrial source for use in enhanced oil recovery, and \$20 credit per ton for carbon dioxide captured and transported from an industrial source for permanent storage in a geologic formation. Facilities were required to capture at least 500,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide per year to qualify. This
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	provision would require that any taxpayer claiming the \$10 credit per ton for carbon dioxide captured and transported for use in enhanced oil recovery must also ensure that such carbon dioxide is permanently stored in a geologic formation.
How to apply:	New provision does not change the way participants file for the tax credit, just the qualifications to be able to apply for the tax credit.

Low Incoming Housing Grants in Lieu of Tax Credits

Description:	Under current law, taxpayers are allowed to claim a low-income housing tax credit for certain investments made in low-income housing. These tax credits help attract private capital to invest in the construction, acquisition, or rehabilitation of qualified low-income housing buildings. Current economic conditions have severely undermined the effectiveness of these tax credits. As a result, the bill would allow taxpayers to receive a grant from the Treasury Department in lieu of tax credits. Under this provision, state housing agencies would receive a grant equal to up to eighty-five percent of forty percent of the state’s low-income housing tax credit allocation in lieu of the low-income housing tax credits they would have received. The sub-awards are subject to the same requirements (including rent, income, and use restrictions on such buildings) as the low-income housing tax credit allocations. The grant program would apply to each state’s 2009 low-income housing tax credit allocation.
How to apply:	www.treasury.gov

Extension of Bonus Depreciation

Description:	Businesses are allowed to recover the cost of capital expenditures over time according to a depreciation schedule. Last year, Congress temporarily allowed businesses to recover the costs of capital expenditures made in 2008 faster than the ordinary depreciation schedule would allow by permitting these businesses to immediately write-off fifty percent of the cost of depreciable property (e.g., equipment, tractors, wind turbines, solar panels, and computers) acquired in 2008 for use in the United States. The bill would extend this temporary benefit for capital expenditures incurred in 2009.
How to apply:	The extension of the first-year depreciation deduction is generally effective for property placed in service after December 31, 2008. This benefit can be claimed when filing for taxes.

Extension of Small Business Expensing

Description:	In order to help small businesses quickly recover the cost of certain capital expenses, small business taxpayers may elect to write-off the cost of these expenses in the year of acquisition in lieu of recovering these costs over time through depreciation. Until the end of 2010, small business taxpayers are allowed to write-off up to \$125,000 of capital expenditures subject to a phase-out once capital expenditures exceed \$500,000. Last year, Congress temporarily increased the amount that small businesses could write-off for capital expenditures incurred in 2008 to \$250,000 and increased the phase-out threshold for 2008 to \$800,000. The bill would extend these temporary increases for capital expenditures incurred in 2009.
How to apply:	Small business can obtain this credit when filing for taxes.

Five-Year Carryback of Net Operating Losses for Small Businesses

Description:	A net operating loss means the amount by which a taxpayer's business deductions exceed the gross income. Under current law, net operating losses may be carried back to the two taxable years before the year that the loss arises and carried forward to each of the succeeding twenty taxable years after the year that the loss arises. For 2008, the bill would extend the maximum NOL carryback period from two years to five years for small businesses with gross receipts of \$15 million or less.
How to apply:	This provision is effective for net operating losses arising in taxable years ending after December 31, 2007. The taxpayer can file for this benefit when filing for taxes.

Work Opportunity Tax Credit

Description:	Under current law, businesses are allowed to claim a work opportunity tax credit equal to 40 percent of the first \$6,000 of wages paid to employees of one of nine targeted groups. The bill would create two new targeted groups of prospective employees: (1) unemployed veterans; and (2) disconnected youth. An individual would qualify as an unemployed veteran if they were discharged or released from active duty from the Armed Forces during the five-year period prior to hiring and received unemployment compensation for more than four weeks during the year before being hired. An individual qualifies as a disconnected youth if they are between the ages of 16 and 25 and have not been regularly employed or attended school in the past 6 months.
How to apply:	Companies can claim this credit when filing their taxes.

ENERGY EFFICIENCY TAX CREDITS FOR HOMEOWNERS

For more information, please visit: http://www.energystar.gov/index.cfm?c=products.pr_tax_credits#s1

For a better rendition of the below chart, please visit:
http://www.energystar.gov/index.cfm?c=products.pr_tax_credits#s1

SUMMARY OF TAX CREDITS FOR HOMEOWNERS

Product Category	Product Type	Tax Credit Specification	Tax Credit	Notes
Windows & Doors	Exterior Windows and Skylights	U factor \leq 0.30 SHGC \leq 0.30	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	Not all ENERGY STAR labeled windows and skylights qualify for tax credit. More information
	Storm Windows	Meets IECC ¹ in combination with the exterior window over which it is installed, for the applicable climate zone	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	Manufacturer Certification Statement ³ will list classes of exterior window (single pane, clear glass, double pane, low-E coating, etc.) ⁴ that a product may be combined with to be eligible in specific climate zones.
	Exterior Doors	U factor \leq 0.30 SHGC \leq 0.30	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	Not all ENERGY STAR doors will qualify. More information
	Storm Doors	In combination with a wood door assigned a default U-factor by the IECC ¹ , and does not exceed the default U-factor requirement assigned to such combination by the IECC	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	
Roofing	Metal Roofs, Asphalt Roofs	ENERGY STAR qualified	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	All ENERGY STAR labeled metal and asphalt roofs qualify for the tax

				credit. Must be expected to last 5 years OR have a 2 year warranty.
Insulation	Insulation	Meets 2009 IECC & Amendments	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	For insulation to qualify, its primary purpose must be to insulate. (Example: vapor retarders are covered, siding does not qualify). Must be expected to last 5 years OR have a 2 year warranty
HVAC	Central A/C	<i>Split Systems:</i> EER >=13 SEER >= 16 <i>Package systems:</i> EER >= 12 SEER >= 14	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	For a list of qualified products, go to the Consortium for Energy Efficiency product directory EXIT ↗ , click on the Air Conditioners and in the “CEE Tier” enter “Residential Advanced Tier 3” for CAC Split Systems, and “Residential Tier 2” for CAC package systems and ASHPs. Note — not all ENERGY STAR products will qualify for the tax credit.
	Air Source Heat Pumps	<i>Split Systems:</i> HSPF >= 8.5 EER >= 12.5 SEER >= 15 <i>Package systems:</i> HSPF >= 8 EER >= 12 SEER >= 14	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	ENERGY STAR Spec (same for CAC and ASHP): <i>Split Systems:</i> HSPF >= 8.2 EER >= 12 SEER >= 14.5 <i>Package systems:</i> HSPF >= 8 EER >= 11 SEER >= 14
	Natural Gas or Propane	AFUE >= 95	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	For a list of qualifying products go to the Gas

	Furnace			Appliance Manufacturing Association EXIT ↻
	Oil Furnace	AFUE >= 90	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	Not all ENERGY STAR products will qualify for the tax credit. ENERGY STAR Spec: Gas Furnaces: AFUE >= 90 Oil Furnaces: AFUE >= 85 Boilers: AFUE >= 85
	Gas, Propane, or Oil Hot Water Boiler	AFUE >= 90	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	
	Advanced Main Air Circulating Fan	No more than 2% of furnace total energy use	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	
Geo-Thermal Heat Pump	Geo-Thermal Heat Pump	Same criteria as ENERGY STAR: Closed Loop: EER >= 14.1 COP >= 3.3 Open Loop: EER >= 16.2 COP >= 3.6 Direct Expansion: EER >= 15 COP >= 3.5	30% of the cost - NOT subject to \$1,500 cap	All ENERGY STAR labeled geo-thermal heat pumps qualify for the tax credit. Use IRS Form 5695  EXIT ↻ Must be “ placed into service ” between Jan. 1, 2008–Dec. 31, 2016.
Water Heaters	Gas, Oil, Propane Water Heater	Energy Factor >= 0.82 or a thermal efficiency of at least 90%.	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	Not all ENERGY STAR gas storage and gas condensing water heaters will qualify for the tax credit. All ENERGY STAR gas tankless models will qualify.

				<p>Energy Factor \geq .62</p> <p>Gas Tankless: Energy Factor \geq 0.82</p> <p>Gas Condensing: Energy Factor \geq 0.8</p> <p>For a partial list of qualifying products go to the Gas Appliance Manufacturing Association</p> <p>EXIT ↻</p>
	Electric Heat Pump Water Heater	Same criteria as ENERGY STAR: Energy Factor \geq 2.0	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	All ENERGY STAR qualified electric heat pump water heaters qualify for the tax credit.
Biomass Stove	Biomass Stove	<p>Stove which burns biomass fuel⁵ to heat a home or heat water.</p> <p>Thermal efficiency rating of at least 75% as measured using a lower heating value.</p>	30% of cost, up to \$1,500 ²	
Solar Energy Systems	Solar Water Heating	<p>At least half of the energy generated by the “qualifying property” must come from the sun.</p> <p>Homeowners may only claim spending on the solar water heating system property, not the</p>	30% of cost	<p>Use IRS Form 5695 </p> <p>EXIT ↻</p> <p>Must be placed in service before December 31, 2016.</p>

entire water heating system of the household.

		used in the dwelling. The system must be certified by the Solar Rating and Certification Corporation (SRCC).		
	Photovoltaic Systems	Photovoltaic systems must provide electricity for the residence, and must meet applicable fire and electrical code requirement.	30% of cost	Use IRS Form 5695  EXIT  Must be placed in service before December 31, 2016.
Small Wind Energy Systems	Residential Small Wind Energy Systems		30% of the cost	Must be placed in service by December 31, 2016. Use IRS Tax Form 5695 (version 2009). This form should be available in late 2009 or early 2010. Not limited to \$1,500 cap.
Fuel Cells	Residential Fuel Cell and microturbine system	Efficiency of at least 30% and must have a capacity of at least 0.5 kW.	30% of the cost, up to \$1500 per .5 kW of power capacity	Must be placed in service by December 31, 2016. Use IRS Tax Form 5695 (version 2009). This form should be available in late 2009 or early 2010. Not limited to \$1,500 cap.

Cars	Hybrid gasoline-electric, diesel, battery-electric, alternative fuel, and fuel cell vehicles		Based on a formula determined by vehicle weight, technology, and fuel economy compared to base year models	<p>There is a 60,000 vehicle limit per manufacturer before a phase-out period begins. Toyota and Honda have already been phased out. Credit is still available for Ford, GM and Nissan.</p> <p>For more information visit: Fueleconomy.gov </p> <p>Use IRS Form 8910   for hybrid vehicles purchased for personal use.</p> <p>Use IRS Form 3800   for hybrid vehicles purchased for business purposes.</p>
	Plug-in hybrid electric vehicles		\$2,500–\$7,500	<p>The first 250,000 vehicles sold get the full tax credit (then it phases out like the hybrid vehicle tax credits).</p> <p>Effective January 1, 2009.</p>